# LOGIC MODELS 101

MARIE BARNARD, Ph.D.

April 9, 2015



### **OBJECTIVES**

- Describe a logic model
- Understand the value of a logic model in a grant application
- Identify the key components of a logic model
- Examine examples of logic models
- Be able to develop a logic model

# **LOGIC MODELS**

Developed in evaluation science

• Grounded in theory of change – does a program work??

Core of planning and evaluation

Provides a common framework

# **LOGIC MODELS**

 A <u>ONE</u> page summary of a program in words and graphics

 Describes the sequence of activities thought to bring about change

 Demonstrates how program activities are linked to anticipated program results

# LOGIC MODEL – SIMPLEST FORM



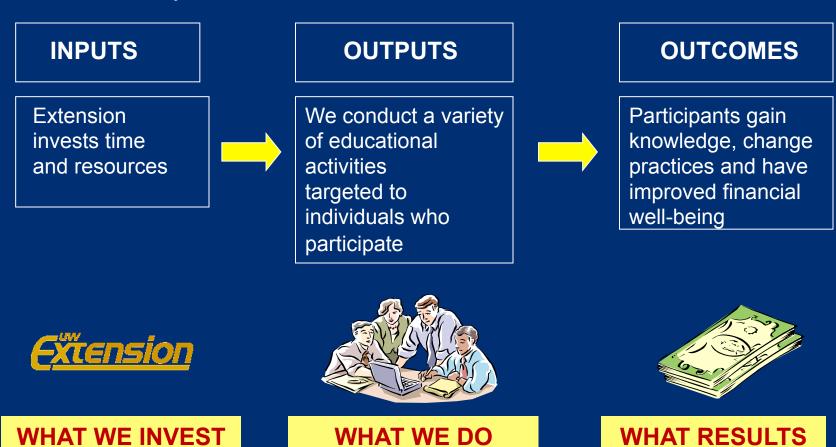
A series of IF-THEN relationships that explain your theory of change

### LOGIC MODELS – COMPONENTS

- INPUTS: resources, contributions, investments into program
- OUTPUTS: activities, services, events
- OUTCOMES: results or changes for individuals to systems
- ASSUMPTIONS: the beliefs we have about the program, underlying theories
- EXTERNAL FACTORS: the environment in which the program exists

#### **Example: Financial management program**

Situation: Individuals with limited knowledge and skills in basic financial management are unable to meet their financial goals and manage money to meet their needs.



# LOGIC MODELS – OUTCOMES

#### **Shorter-Term Outcomes**

- Achieved during program timeframe
- Within program control
- "expect to see"

#### **Intermediate Outcomes**

- Achieved at the end / beyond program timeframe
- Follow shorter-term outcomes
- "want to see"

#### **Longer-Term Outcomes**

- Achieved after program timeframe
- Outside direct program control
- "hope to see"



#### **Shorter-Term Outcomes**

are the first steps toward social change, such as:

- New knowledge
- Changed opinion/values
- Increased skills
- Changed motivation
- Changed attitudes
- Changed aspirations

#### **Intermediate Outcomes**

can't happen without short-term outcomes, and are often:

- Modified behavior
- Changed policies
- Changed practices
- Changed social action
- Changed decisions

#### Longer-Term Outcomes

can't happen without short-term and intermediate outcomes, and may be:

- Changed human condition
- Changed civic condition
- Changed economic condition
- Changed environmental condition

Source: Innovation Network, Inc.

### LOGIC MODELS – FLEXIBLE TOOLS

There is no "BEST" design

 Context-dependent for best choice of content to include and arrangement of that content

Try several on for size

# LOGIC MODEL - EXAMPLE

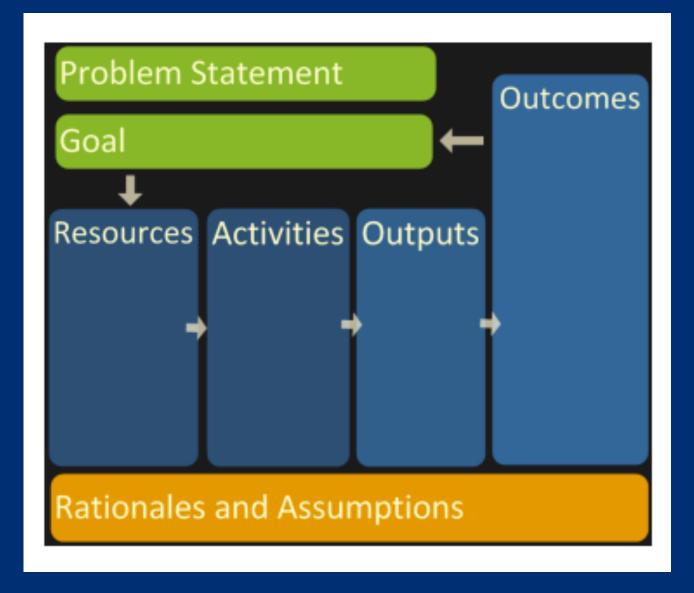
# **INPUTS**

# **OUTPUTS**

### **OUTCOMES**

What we invest	Activities	Participants	Short Term	Medium Term	Long Term
Staff Money Time Volunteers Partners Equipment Materials	What we do Technical Assistance Fieldwork Research Studies Workshops Conferences Courses Media Work Facilitation Trainings	Whom we reach  Students Scientists Tribes Citizens Private Sector Agencies Planners	What the short term results are  Awareness Knowledge Skills Behavior Practices Motivations	What the long term results are  Decisions Policies Social Action Industry Action Restoration Recovery Preservation	What the ultimate impact(s) are Social Economic Civic Environmental Value Added

# LOGIC MODEL - EXAMPLE

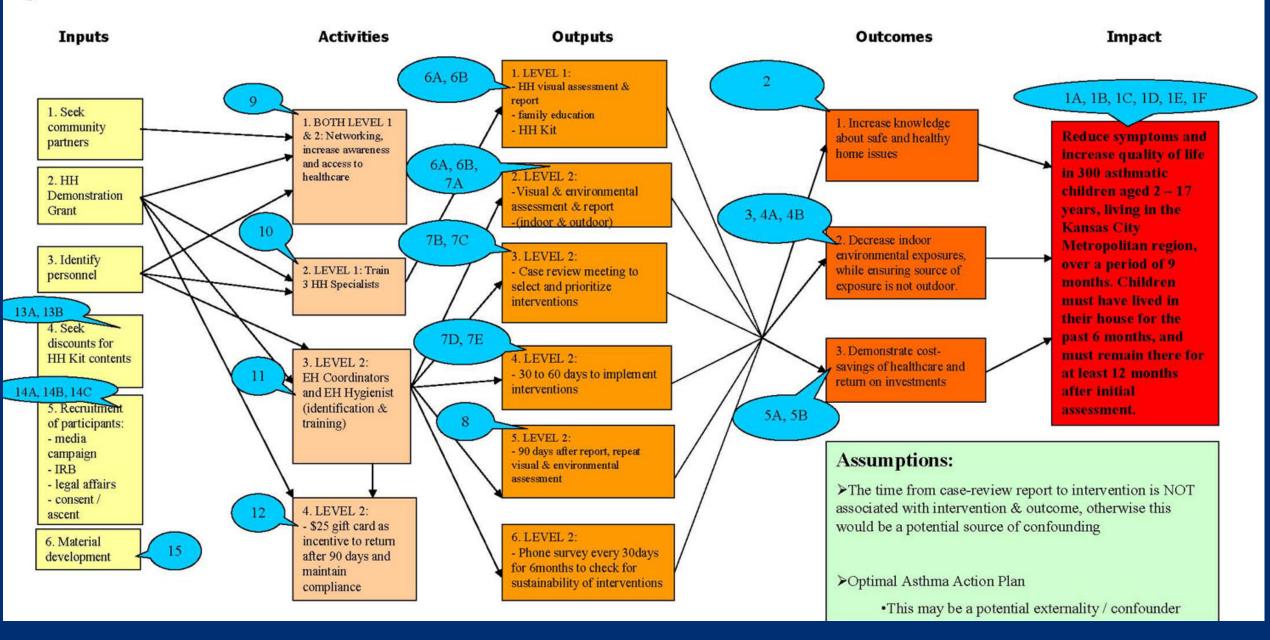


#### PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

Planning - Implementation - Evaluation

#### Program Action - Logic Model Outcomes - Impact Outputs Inputs Activities Short Term Medium Term Participation Long Term What we What we do Who we reach What the What the What the Priorities invest short term medium term ultimate Consider: Conduct Participants Situation results are results are impact(s) is Staff workshops, Clients Needs and meetings Action Conditions Learning Volunteers Deliver Agencies Social Values Behavior Awareness services Time Symptoms Decision-Mandates Develop Knowledge Practice Economic versus makers Money products. Resources problems Civic curriculum, Attitudes Decision-Customers Local dynamics Research base resources making Stakeholder Skills Environmental Collaborators Train Materials engagement Policies Competitors Opinions Provide Satisfaction Equipment counseling Intended Social Action Aspirations outcomes Assess Technology Facilitate Motivations Partner Partners Work with media Assumptions **External Factors** Evaluation Focus - Collect Data - Analyze and Interpret - Report

#### Logic Model for Evaluation of the KCSHHP:



# **LOGIC MODELS**

NSF – "like a blueprint"

# POWERFUL COMMUNICATION TOOL

# LOGIC MODELS IN GRANT PROPOSALS

- Sometimes, but not always required
- If required, structure/required elements will be described in the RFP
- If not required, consider including one
- Why?
  - Gets investigative team / partners on same page
  - Easy way to communicate to a program officer what you are thinking to see if your proposal is a good fit with the funding agency
  - Makes grant writing much easier
  - Helps reviewers understand your proposed project

# **LOGIC MODELS - TIPS**

- Focus on cause and effect relationships
- Visually linking steps of your work creating a path to solve the problem or answer the questions
- KEEP IT SIMPLE Clarity over confusion!
  - Include only information directly related to theory of change
  - Detail is elsewhere in your proposal
  - Visually pleasing
    - don't go crazy with graphics,
    - align info horizontally when possible

# **LOGIC MODELS – WHERE TO BEGIN?**

 Depends on how you think, how you are approaching your project, why you are creating the logic model

#### • IDEALLY:

- Consider needs assessment / situational analysis
- Fit with mission / vision / priorities / capability / theory

# LOGIC MODELS – STEP BY STEP GUIDE

- Step 1: Long-term outcomes
- Step 2: Contextual factors (assumptions and external factors)
- Step 3: Inputs
- Step 4: Activities
- Step 5: Outputs
- Step 6: Short-term outcomes

#### UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI

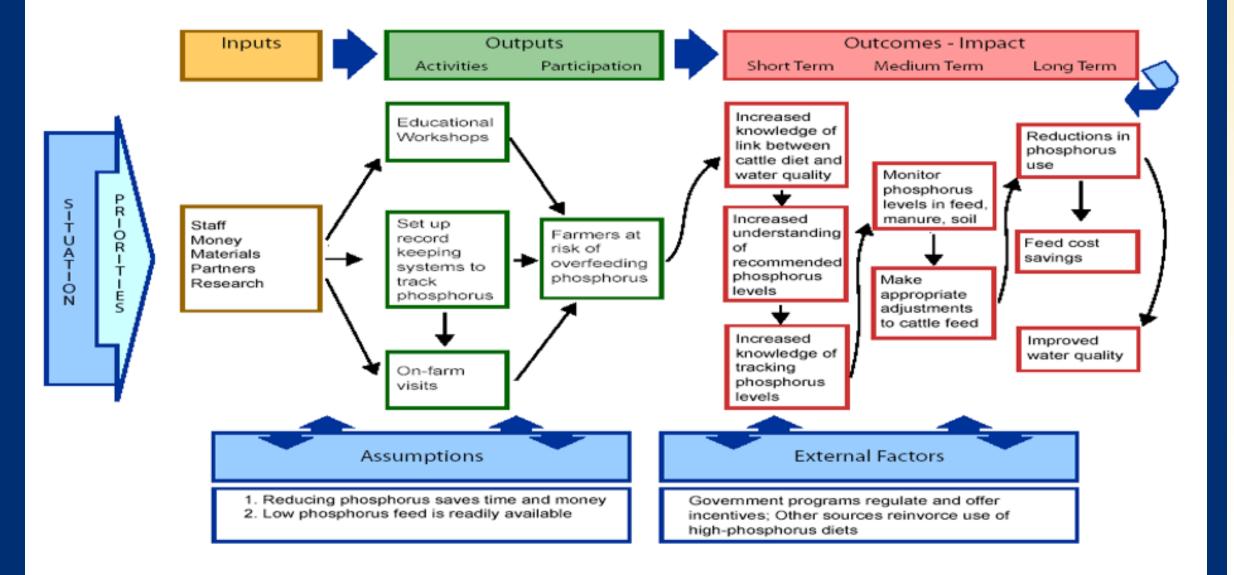
# PROGRAM LOGIC MODEL

INPUTS	OUTP	UTS	OUTCOMES			
	ACTIVITIES	PARTICIPANTS	SHORT	MEDIUM	LONG	
Faculty / staff / Graduate Assistant support on volunteer basis  Temporary meeting and office space  Private funding for scholarship  Support from university administration	Support / advocacy  Sober social events Scholarships  Celebration of Recovery (12 steps)  Student service organization  Website	Undergraduate and graduate students seeking recovery support  Campus and community supporters	Motivate students in recovery to engage CRC  Increase appropriate social support/ decrease isolation  Stay enrolled in school  Increase appropriate use of available resources  Increase awareness of CRC  Build connections to the community	Progress with quality of recovery  Improve ability to manage stressors that are risk factors for relapse  Succeed academically	Students in recovery graduate from UM and continue successful recovery	

**Assumptions:** 1. Participants are receiving clinical recovery support (i.e., 12 step program participation) elsewhere; 2. The CRC is peer-driven (the students decide what they need)

**External Factors:** The University of Mississippi has a special responsibility related to alcohol and drug use due to campus culture.

# Example: Water quality



# **Example: Statewide Tobacco Control: Smoke-free environments**



Figure x. Program Logic Model

PROBLEM: The current academic training program model for graduate students does not reflect the range of career options that trainees may ultimately pursue.

MISSISSIPPI BIOMEDICAL CAREER COMPASS Program Purpose:

Develop a new model of graduate training that better prepares graduate students for the broad range of career opportunities in the biomedical workforce.

Rationales	Program Goals	Resources	Activities	Outputs	Short-Term/Intermediate	Long Term Outcomes
Only about one quarter	Provide data on time to	Academic schedule that	Engage stakeholders,	Data is available to both	Students make informed	Students successfully
of biomedical Ph.D.s	degree and career placement	facilitates short-course	advisory committee -	guide programming and	enrollment /academic	transition to careers in
work in tenure track	outcomes to facilitate	opportunities that do	what skills most	inform students	program decisions	the biomedical
faculty positions	informed application,	not lengthen time to	valuable	Informed, supportive		research workforce
<ul> <li>Current paradigm only</li> </ul>	enrollment, training decisions	degree	• Engage in planning	faculty mentors are	Students have working	
prepares students for	<ul> <li>Improve faculty awareness of,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Existing interdisciplinary,</li> </ul>	period to develop	available to students	knowledge/experience	Faculty are aware of
academic tenure track	support for, and ability to	team-based integrative	programming	Students begin academic	with broader range of	and willing advocates
careers	facilitate alternative career	courses, programs	Track career placement	training with an	career paths and related	for a diverse range of
<ul> <li>Career placement data is</li> </ul>	tracks for students	• Faculty with	of graduates	awareness of a wide	skills	academic and career
not widely available,	<ul> <li>Without lengthening training</li> </ul>	demonstrated strong	Faculty training to raise	range of career		paths for biomedical
preventing students	period, offer workshops &	mentoring skills	awareness, enhance	opportunities and	Students gain skills that	doctoral students
from making informed	courses that expose students	<ul> <li>Engaged and interested</li> </ul>	program support,	understanding of	will facilitate success in	
decisions regarding	to a wider range of career	faculty, including many	mentoring skills	potential need for	broader range of career	A new more holistic
enrollment and path	opportunities, facilitate	with experience and	CAREER COMPASS Boot	alternative skills,	paths	training model for
through doctoral	appropriate skill-building in	existing partnerships	Camp for incoming	academic programs that		graduate training in
programs	areas that would improve	across the non-academic	students; Retreat for	may support these career	Through cross-	biomedical research is
<ul> <li>The majority of</li> </ul>	career success. Example areas:	biomedical enterprise	ongoing students	paths	disciplinary training	available and adaptable
graduates go on to	Communications	•Track record of	Develop, implement	Students have a yearly	students will gain an	for implementation at a
alternative career paths	<ul> <li>Entrepreneurship</li> </ul>	facilitating student's	cross disciplinary	opportunity to	appreciation for the	wide variety of
within the broader	➤ Policy	successful transition to	seminar series to	participate in coursework	value of collaboration	institutions
biomedical sciences	<ul> <li>Program development</li> </ul>	non-faculty careers	develop working	to enhance knowledge,		
economy with little	<ul> <li>Fiscal management</li> </ul>	upon graduation	knowledge in	build skills for career	Faculty improve	<ul> <li>Society benefits from</li> </ul>
exposure to these	➤ Mentoring	<ul> <li>Strong institutional</li> </ul>	skills/areas necessary	success	awareness and	improved science
options during training –	<ul> <li>Conflict management</li> </ul>	support for program	for success in range of	Students who are	knowledge of broader	policy, industry and
transition is difficult	Tech transfer	•UM Innovations in STEM	biomedical careers	interested complete	range of career pathways	government research,
<ul> <li>Faculty are experts in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Offer more in depth exposure</li> </ul>	Education Initiative	<ul> <li>Develop, implement</li> </ul>	internships to gain/	for biomedical doctoral	science
training students to do	to interested students via	<ul> <li>Blueprint Mississippi</li> </ul>	internship program	deepen practical	students	communication, more
what they themselves	internships	• Will need to say	<ul> <li>Market Interdisciplinary</li> </ul>	experience/ knowledge		highly skilled
do, often lacking	<ul> <li>Develop academic exit</li> </ul>	something about	Studies degree option	Potential new degree	<ul> <li>Novel exit strategy</li> </ul>	individuals infused
awareness and	strategies for students who	external partners	<ul> <li>Conduct formative,</li> </ul>	programs or degree	academic track	throughout the
knowledge of alternative	desire alternative career path.		process, outcome	tracks are considered and		economy
career paths	Masters in Interdisciplinary		assessment and utilize	developed	Model program is	
<ul> <li>Great societal benefit</li> </ul>	Studies		results to adapt and	Data to inform continued	developed and	
from having trained			improve programming	program refinement,	evaluation facilitates	
scientists contributing			<ul><li>Mentorship??</li></ul>	improvement,	program refinement	
their knowledge and			<ul> <li>Develop Handbook/</li> </ul>	dissemination is available		
skills in a wide variety of			Mobile App guide for	Mentorship??		
settings to improve			biomedical science	<ul> <li>Handbook/Guide/App</li> </ul>		
policy,			leaders			

#### **Applied Research Grant**

#### on

#### **Pre-Spawning Salmon Mortality in Urban Creeks**

#### Assumptions (Logic for the Project):

There is relationship between pre-spawning salmon mortality (PSM), watershed characteristics, and land use.

A scientific understanding of the causes can lead to strategies that reduce the mortality rate.

Understanding PSM can lead to policy decisions that will improve watershed health, land use and human health.

Strong partnerships coupled with research, communication and coordination are necessary to reduce pre-spawning salmon mortality.

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INPUTS (DESCRIBE	ACTIVITIES (DESCRIBE)	OUTPUTS (DELIVERABLES) (QUANTIFY)	CUSTOMERS/TARGET AUDIENCE /BENEFICIARIES	SHORT TERM OUTCOMES (MEASURABLE)	MEDIUM TERM OUTCOMES (MEASURED IF POSSIBLE)	LONG TERM OUTCOMES (PROJECTED)	EPA STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES SUPPORTED
EPA Grant \$\$ Staff Time Materials In-kind Contributions Volunteers	Create project partnerships.  Field surveys.  Develop GIS.  Develop poll information request form  Survey local governments and DFW.  Document PSM observations.	- GIS-based land-use and watershed characteristics analyses performed. (Yes or No & Quality)  - Questionnaire mailed and followed with phone call & compile results (# completed, # of communities reached)  - Field surveys performed in 7 Bellingham, Seattle, and Olympia watersheds & data entered. (# of streams surveyed. # of stream miles, # of fish examined)  -Final report drafted. (Yes or No & Quality)  -User friendly presentations developed by WA Trout (Yes or No & Quality)  Scientific/Data Track: Presentation & Discussion with NOAA Scientists  Policy Track:Presentations to 6 County Councils  Public Awareness Track: Meet with Environmental groups and reporters.	Agency Science Track: Scientists at: USFWS, NMFS, and EPA. WDFW. County & City Planners  Community Track: Policy Track: County & City Officials Environmental Groups Reporters  Public Awareness Track: Citizens living by selected watersheds. Environmental Groups Reporters Developers, tribes and industries likely to impact selected streams.	Agency Science Track: NOAA Scientists are informed about study. (Scientists confirm value of study through letters of appreciation, references to study in other publications and presentations.)  Community Track:  Policy Track: Politicians are aware of the problem & scope of the crisis. (# of public forums & meetings with PSM on agenda. # of unsolicited inquiries from public officials.)  Public Awareness Track: Public is aware of the problem & scope of the crisis. Media coverage. (Copies of newsletters & articles referencing the results of the study, including copies of same.)  ALL: Study results and database available to everyone. (# of copies of report distributed to each target. # of public presentations. # of WEB hits on Database. # of unsolicited inquiries.)	Agency Science Track: NOAA Scientists use study results to explain mechanism for mortality and identify appropriate solutions.  Community Track: Policy Track: Politicians pass land use regulations to lessen PSM.  Public Awareness Track: Public is informed of behaviors that contribute to PSM & alternative practices. Public supports policy makers who are trying to solve the problem.  ALL: Study results and database available to everyone. (# of copies of report distributed. # of presentations. # of WEB hits on Database.)  NEXT GRANT???	Agency Science Track: Remediation techniques are evaluated in relationship to baseline data to validate and improve best management practices.  Trends in PSM can document improvements over time.  Community Track: Policy Track: Effective remediation techniques are adopted throughout the watersheds. Improved land use patterns.  Public Awareness Track: Public supports policies & behavior changes become widespread  ALL: Reduced PSM and Improved water quality.  GIS information available for other uses and applications.  NEXT GRANT???	Agency Science Track: Goal 2 Clean Water Objective 2.2.1 Improve Water Quality on a Watershed Basis.  Community Track: Goal 4 Healthy Communities and Ecosystems, Objective 4.2.1 Sustain Community Health

Thick Line = Limit of Direct Grant Accountability

# Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Training & Certification

#### **Assumptions:**

- LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) is a nationally recognized, non-regulatory approach that has been shown to result in quantifiable low impact development.
- 2. **LEED** training and certification for contractors, developers, architects, and other professionals will lead to the use of low impact development practices and construction in the county.
- 3. Low Impact Development will benefit both the environment and the local economy.

EDA Creat Develop I EED* Toronto Brimany towards I EED Increase in I EED contifed Area becomes a	Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Customers	Short Term Outcomes	Medium Term Outcomes	Long Term Outcomes	Strategic Objectives
- Staff time - In-Kind Contributions - Volunteer Time  - Develop LEED rofessionals - Professionals - Volunteer Time  - Develop LEED practice exams - Develop "Green Building Materials Sourcing Guide for professionals."  - Design and conduct LEED training workshop series.  - Professionals, contractors, architects, Engineers.  - Professionals creceive LEED accreditation, increasing the capacity and understanding workels architects, Engineers.  - Professionals on the capaci	- In-Kind Contributions	Reference Guide for area professionals  - Develop LEED practice exams  - Develop "Green Building Materials Sourcing Guide for professionals."  - Design and conduct LEED training workshop	certification workshops (three 4 hour sessions each)  Target: 60 professionals complete training  Target: Professional Guide, Practice Exams, and Green Building Sourcing Material guide published and available	Developers, Architects, Engineers.  Secondary targets: Realtors, Elected Officials, Public Works and Planning Professionals, Concerned	Primary targets: - Professionals receive LEED accreditation, increasing the capacity of the area to produce low impact housing and development Target: 30 professionals  Secondary targets: customers attend workshops but do not seek accreditation.	orders for green building materials documented  - Proposed waterfront re- development project meets LEEDS platinum	becomes widespread and is shown to be cost effective and affordable  Negative environmental impacts of growth are avoided.  Quality of life	for visionary planning and

<sup>\*</sup> Hotlink to LEED: <a href="http://www.usgbc.org/DisplayPage.aspx?CategoryID=19">http://www.usgbc.org/DisplayPage.aspx?CategoryID=19</a> Thick Line = Limit of Direct Grant Accountability

#### Figure 1. UM NRT Program Logic Model

Context: There are many national challenges that would benefit from collaborative training to prepare STEM graduate students to effectively engage in interdisciplinary team-based research that is culturally sensitive and informed by community needs.

NRT grant proposal: Transform how we train STEM students and catalyze multicultural research in

di:

disaster sciences to reduce disparities in readiness and response.							
Rationale	Goals	Strategies	Outcomes	Broader Impacts			
Rationale  STEM graduate students are prepared for academic research careers; they are unaware of, and inadequately prepared for, non-academic research careers  STEM graduate students lack: - ability to effectively work in interdisciplinary teams - preparation to work with communities because students lack cultural humility and cultural competencies - communication skills beyond traditional academic communication - training to be aware of political and policy issues related to their research area  Disaster readiness and response research has not adequately addressed disparities – needs social scientists trained in an interdisciplinary approach  Communities often feel exploited and		Engage stakeholders, advisory committees  Welcome Lab Orientation & Annual Retreat to engage trainees & faculty in program goals  Implement interdisciplinary certificate to develop working knowledge in skills/areas key to a range of research-related careers  Implement Interdisciplinary Research Teams of experienced faculty mentors and trainees to engage in culturally sensitive, community-based research  Engage trainees in field experiences to gain real-world experience, conduct field research  Hold Roundtables to enhance collaboration, build communication skills, mentor trainees  Conduct formative, process, and outcome	Students have working knowledge, skills & experience associated with a broad range of research and research-related careers  Students gain skills in, and appreciation for, collaborative, interdisciplinary work, culturally sensitive research, interdisciplinary research methods, communication and dissemination, and political and policy implications  Students understand impact of inequalities and its impact on disaster readiness and response  Community-responsive research investigating issues related to disparities in disaster readiness and response  Theses/dissertations and academic/technical reports of results  Broader communication and dissemination of	Broader Impacts  A diverse pool of students successfully transition to careers in the research and research-related workforce  A new more holistic training model for graduate training in research is available and adaptable for implementation at a wide variety of institutions  Research results facilitate the reduction of disparities in disaster readiness and response  Communities benefit through direct relationships between researcher and community members  Society benefits from improved science policy, industry and government research, science communication, more highly skilled individuals infused throughout the economy			
feel exploited and abandoned by researchers	actinate representity		dissemination of research results and implications				
Strong program evaluation can improve and prepare NRT model for dissemination			Model graduate program with evaluation results demonstrating effectiveness				

# **LOGIC MODELS – WHERE TO BEGIN?**

- THEORY APPROACH
- OUTCOMES APPROACH
- ACTIVITIES APPROACH

#### UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI Creation of the AOD Center PROGRAM LOGIC MODEL

INPUTS	OUTPL	JTS		OUTCOMES				
	ACTIVITIES	PARTICIPANTS	SHORT	MEDIUM	LONG			
Engaged	Develop program	Undergraduate	Build internal and external	Center is officially	UM has a vibrar			
faculty/staff	plans for AOD center and CRC	and graduate students seeking	advocates	recognized	permanent			
Students seeking	center and circ	recovery support	auvocates	Faculty/staff/stud	physical space,			
recovery support	Develop and pilot	recovery support	Document CRC	ents become	permanent			
	a CRC program	University	value	aware of and	financial			
Support from		administrators,		engage the AOD	structure, and a			
university	Seekfunding	faculty/staff to	CRC pilot is	center	mission/vision			
administration	support for AOD	plan AOD center	launched and		provide service			
	center and CRC	and CRC	participants	Funding, staff	conduct resear			
			enrolled	and space are	and serve as a			
	Seek appropriate	Campus and		secured	best practices			
	facilities for and	community	Document to		clearinghouse			
	AOD Center	supporters	create AOD	Data collection	related to AOD			
			centeris	and structures	on college			
	Engage national	Funders	produced and	are created	campuses			
	CRCs and AOD		approved	400				
	experts			AOD				
	Research best		A resource	programming is planned and				
	practices		development	implemented				
	practices		plan is created	inplemented				
	Build advocates,			CRC is				
	increase		Best practices are	institutionalized				
	awareness		identified					

**Assumptions:** 1. CRCs enhance student success; 2. A CRC can be a viable service at UM (may serve as a unique recruiting tool)

**External Factors:** The University of Mississippi has a special responsibility related to alcohol and drug use due to campus culture.